

PCB Source Investigation

for the

Development of the Roanoke (Staunton) River TMDL

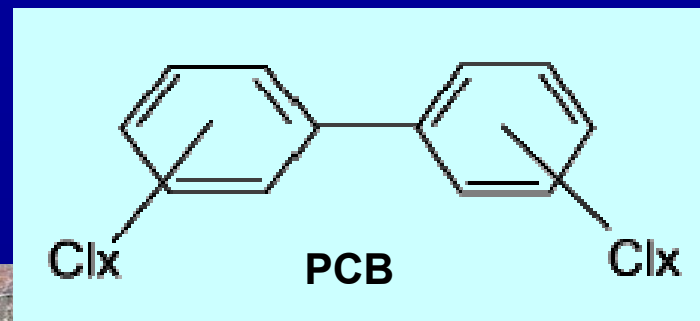
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Discussion Overview

- PCB Background
- Monitoring
- PCB Analysis
- Results
- PCB WQC vs. Site Specific Endpoints



What are PCBs?

- Biphenyl molecule (1-10 chlorine atoms)
- 209 distinct PCB Compounds – “Congeners”
- Total PCB (tPCB) = Summation of 209 Congeners (*Basis for VA WQC*)
- Aroclors – mixture of congeners
 - Aroclor 1248 is 48% chlorine



PCBs - Background



- Estimated that > 1.5 Billion lbs. manufactured in the U.S. until 1977
- Very stable and heat resistant
- Common uses:
 - Transformers, capacitors, hydraulic fluids, circuit breakers, PVC Products, carbonless copy paper, caulking material, etc.



PCBs – Current Releases?

- PCBs used many years after banned
- Contaminated sites with active transport
- Dielectric oils considered non PCB < 50 ppm
 - Fish advisories at 0.05 ppm
- Inadvertent production

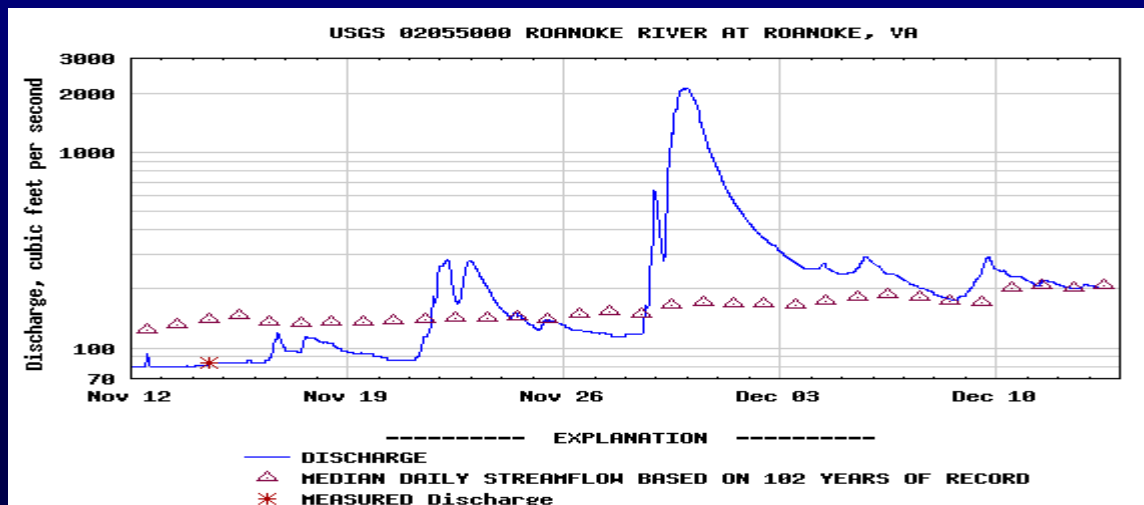


EPA Method 1668

- Performance based method
 - High Resolution GC/High Resolution MS
- Measures Tot. PCB - Congener-specific basis
 - Detection Level <5 pg/L (or 0.000005 ug/L)
 - Reporting Level < 10 pg/L
 - Levels are relevant to DEQ's WQC (640 pg/L)
- Used for the Delaware/Potomac River TMDLs
- Extensively used for the Roanoke (Staunton) River TMDL

Ambient PCB Monitoring Design

- PCB grab samples collected along with dissolved and total organic carbon and TSS
- Base (low) & high flow condition
- Accounts for event driven PCB loads



Monitoring Summary

- Round 1
 - Fall 2005
 - SPMDs (deployed 25 and retrieved 21)
 - Grab samples (low and high river flows)
 - Effluent (1 facil. in upper & 3 in lower)
 - Method 1668A used for Analysis
 - Analytical issue – significant correction due to background contamination
 - Results qualitative (??)
 - Revealed/confirmed source areas

Monitoring Summary

- Round 2
 - Fall 2007-Spring 2008
 - 46 water grab samples (low and high river flows)
 - Effluent (1 facil. in upper and 3 in lower)
 - Sediment (14 sediment/6 sludge)
 - Method 1668A used for Analysis
 - Collected larger volume (water)
 - » Lower Reporting Levels (~5 pg/L on a congener basis)
 - » Background minimized

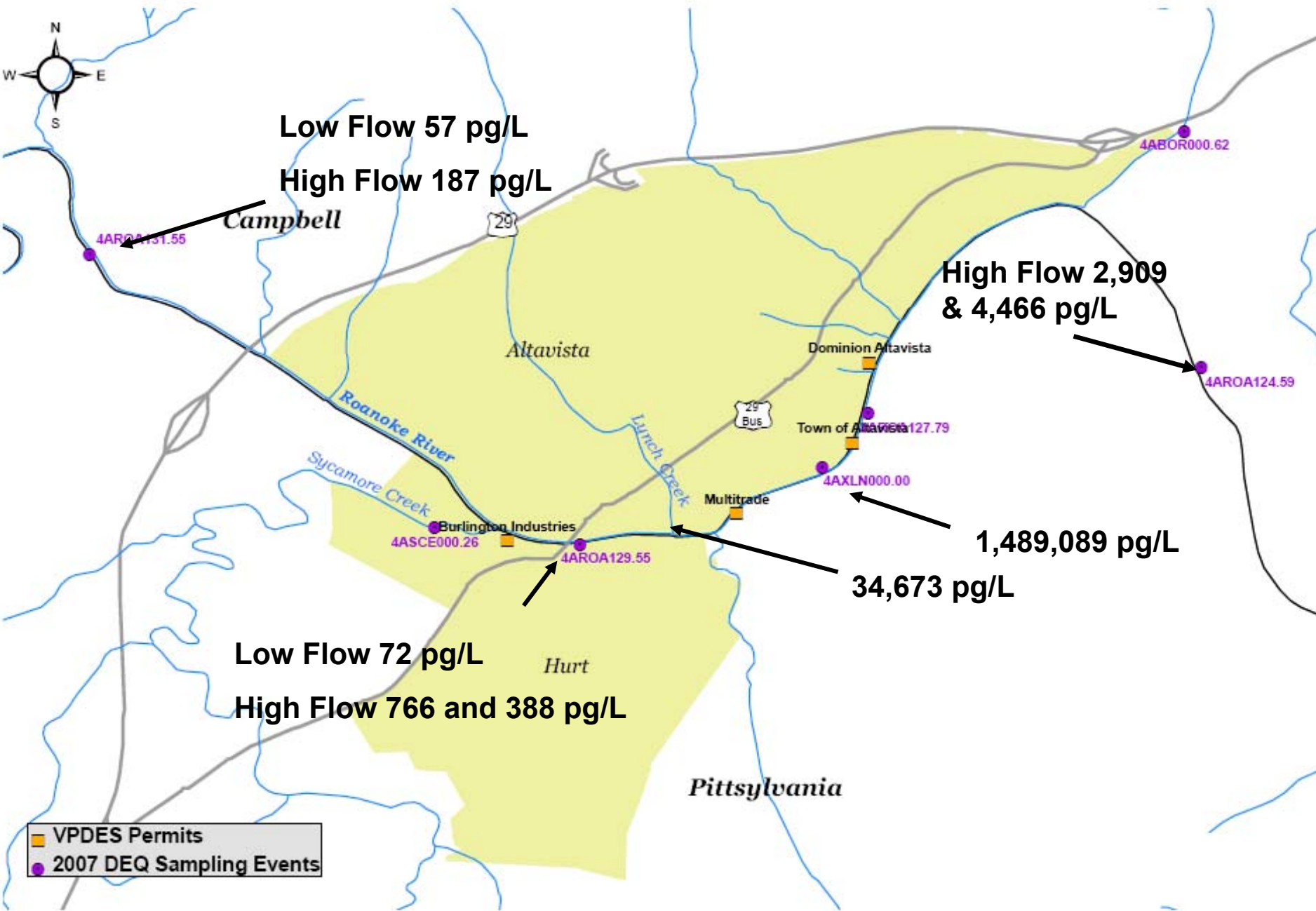
Uses for PCB Data

- PCB Source identification
 - Wastewater samples
 - Calculate PCB loadings
 - Ambient samples
 - Homolog groups and congeners help “fingerprint” sources
- Assist with TMDL model calibration & validation
- Used to develop PCB endpoint

Results

Results

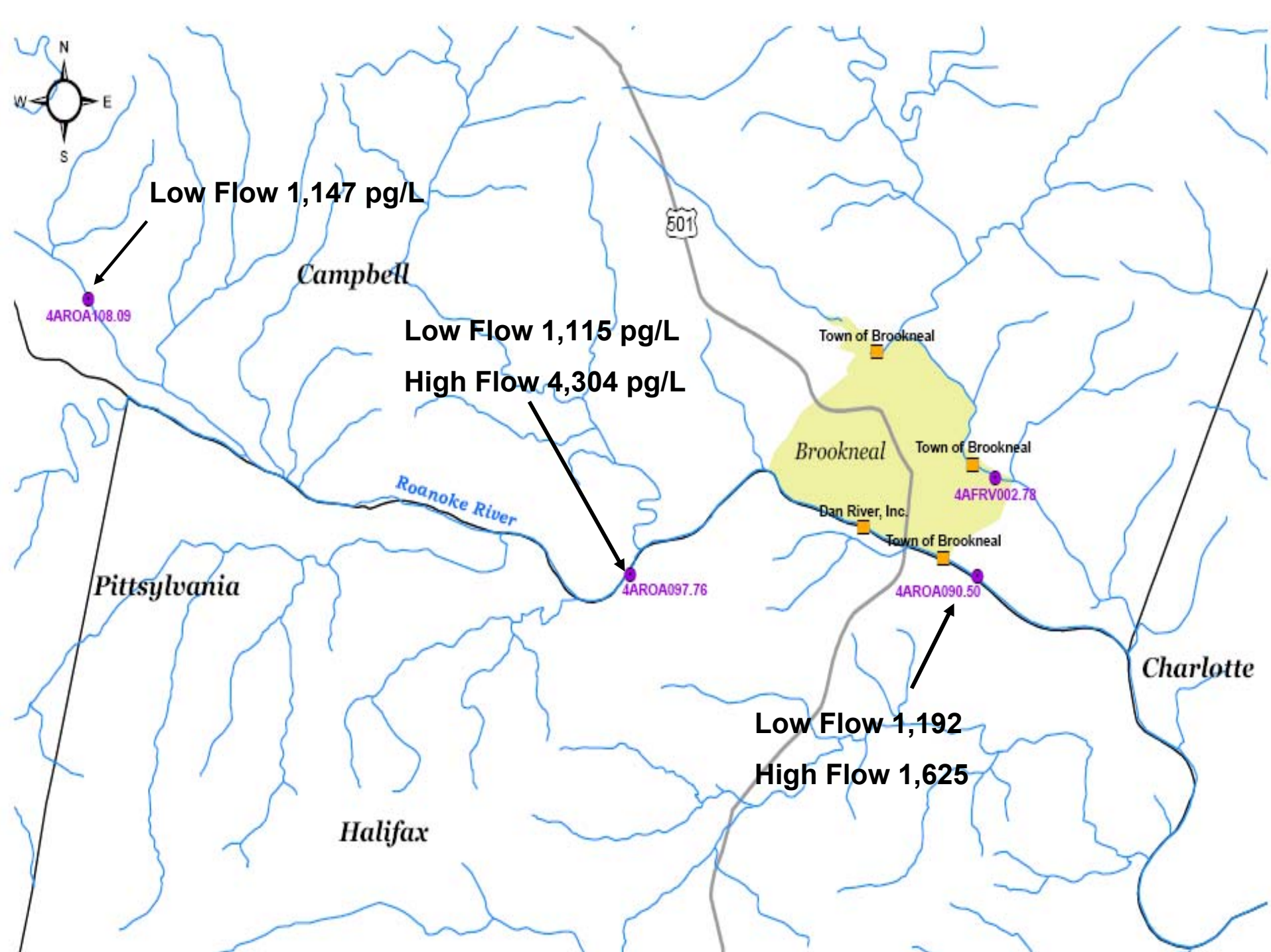
Ambient Location	Sample Date	Flow Condition	tPCB pg/L	Sample Date	Flow Condition	tPCB pg/L
Staunton River						
4AGSE000.20	9/10/07	Low	34	10/26/07	High	343
4ASCE000.26	8/27/07	Low	29		High	
4AROA131.55	8/8/07	Low	57	5/9/08	High	187
4AROA129.55	8/8/07	Low	72	10/26/07	High	766
4AROA129.55		No Data		5/9/08	High	388
4ALYH000.17		No Data		5/20/08	High	34,673
4AXLN000.00		No Data		Dec-07	High	1,489,098
4AROA127.79	8/9/07	Low	148		No Data	
4AROA124.59		No Data		3/10/08	High	2,909
4AROA124.59		No Data		5/9/08	High	4,466
4AROA108.09	9/10/07	Low	1,147		No Data	
4ABOR000.62	8/21/07	Low	115	10/26/07	High	253
4AROA097.76	8/8/07	Low	1,115	3/6/08	High	4,304
4AROA090.50	8/8/07	Low	1,192	10/26/07	High	1,625
4AFRV002.78	9/10/07	Low	18		High	
4AROA067.91	9/10/07	Low	1,336	10/26/07	High	1,307
4ACUB002.21	8/28/07	Low	12	10/26/07	High	13
4AROC001.00	8/28/07	Low	26	10/26/07	High	5
4ABWC001.00		No Data		10/26/07	High	559
4AROA059.12	9/10/07	Low	1,627	10/26/07	High	1,359
4ADFF002.02	8/28/07	Low	4			



Ambient Water PCB Results (Altavista Area)

- Town of Altavista located river mile 128
- Tributaries above the town do not appear to be a source (34 pg/L - 313 pg/L)
- Results obtained during elevated flow from an un-named tributary draining an industrial sight where TSCA clean-up occurred
 - PCB concentration = 1,489,098 pg/L (1.49 ug/L)

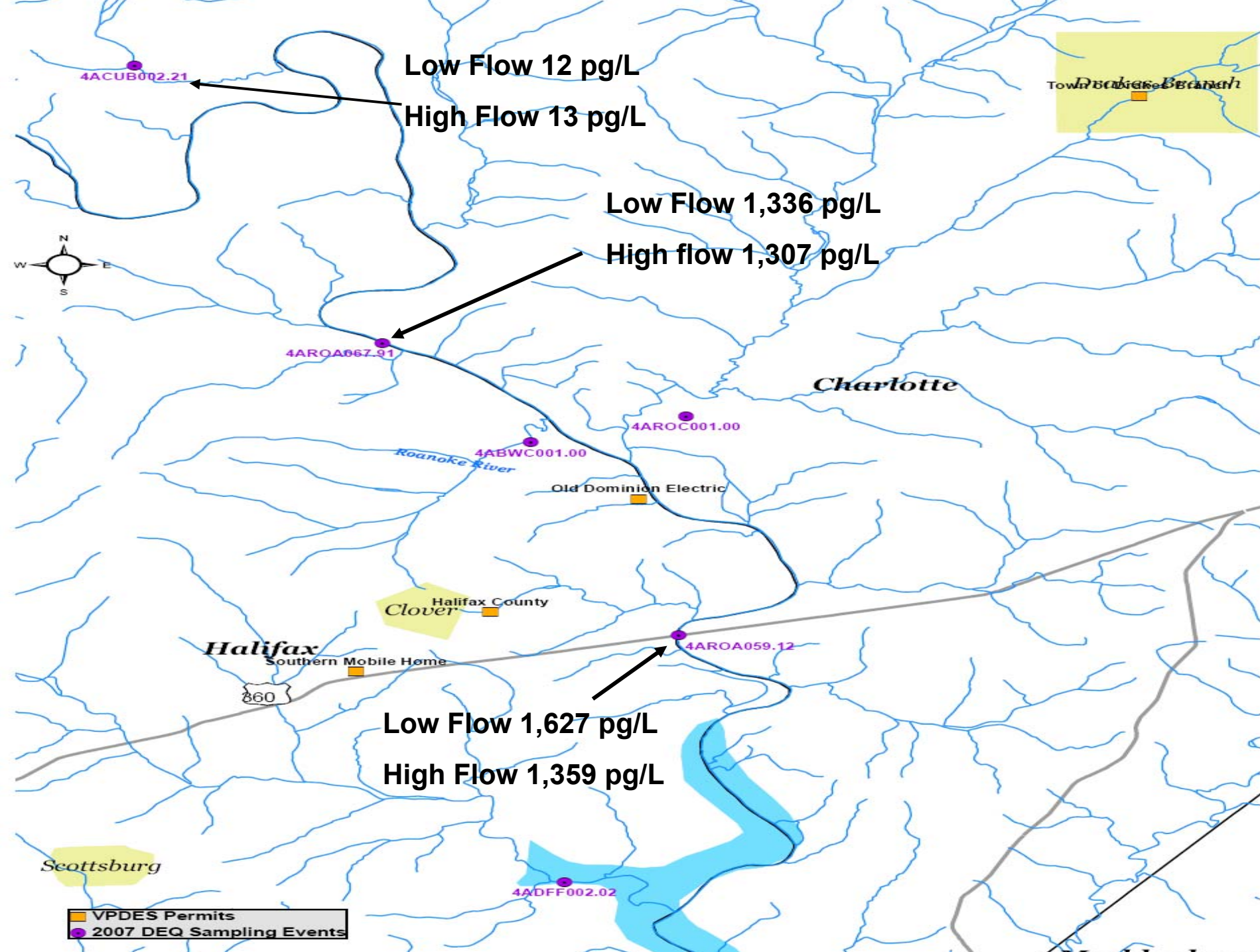
Water Quality Criterion = 640 pg/L
Proposed Endpoint = 150 pg/L



Ambient Water PCB Results (Brookneal Area)

- Loadings from tributaries appear to be low (22 pg/L to 244 pg/L)
- From river mile 108 extending down to river mile 90.50, concentrations range from 1,056 pg/L to 1,312 pg/L during low flow
 - Reflects partitioning of PCBs from sediments
 - Upstream source(s) likely replenishing sediment
- Concentrations at higher flow slightly elevated (1,625 pg/L)
- Congener patterns similar to the un-named trib.

Water Quality Criterion = 640 pg/L
Proposed Endpoint = 150 pg/L



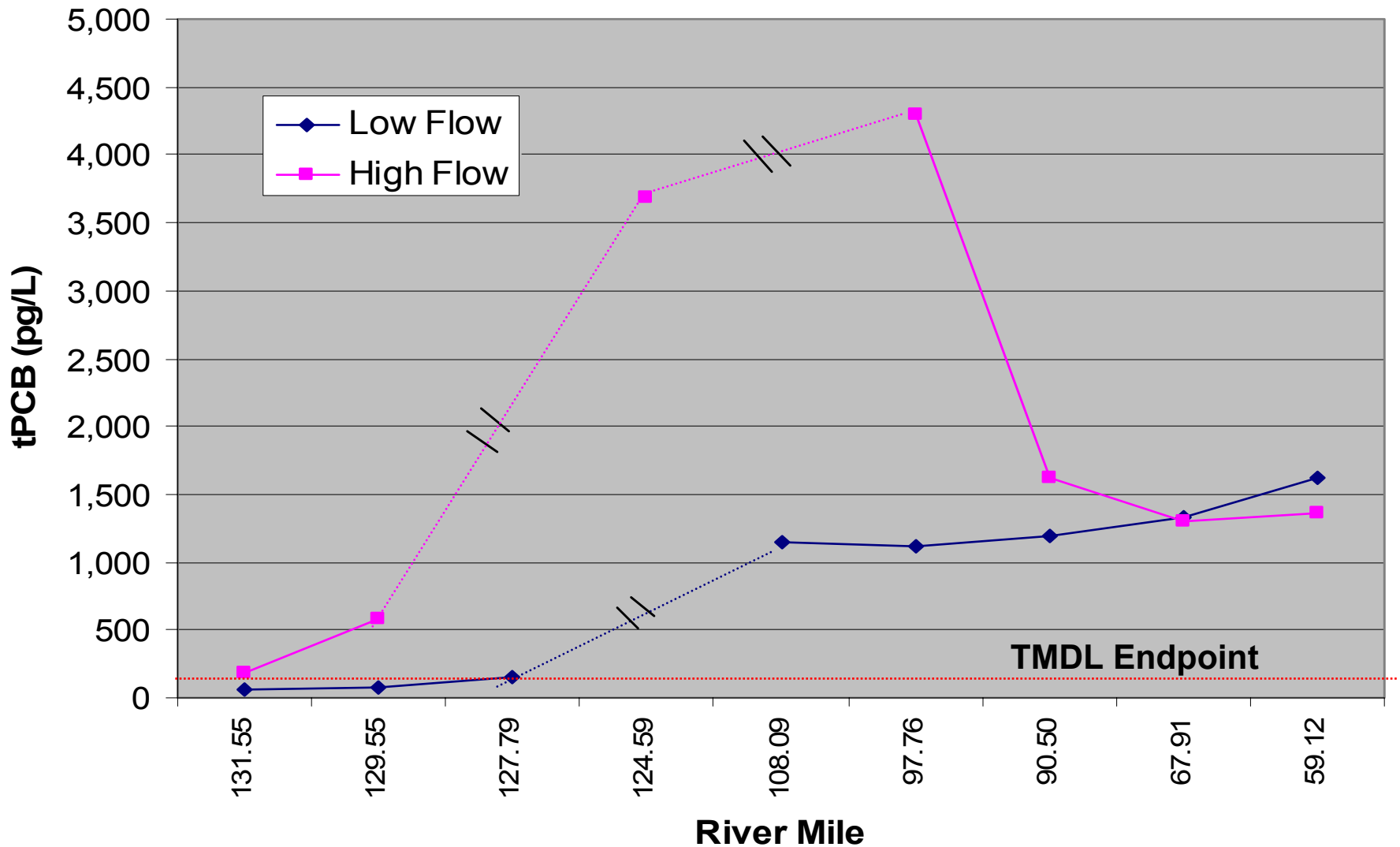
Ambient Water PCB Results (Clover Area)

- With the exception of a single tributary (520 pg/L), all other tributaries yielded low PCB levels (4 pg/L to 41 pg/L)
- In the mainstem river from mile 67.91 extending down to river mile 59.12, concentrations averaged 1,013 pg/L with a maximum concentration of 1,525 pg/L
 - Reflects partitioning from sediment to water
 - Upstream source(s) likely replenishing sediment
- Congener patterns similar to the un-named trib.

Water Quality Criterion = 640 pg/L

Proposed Endpoint = 150 pg/L

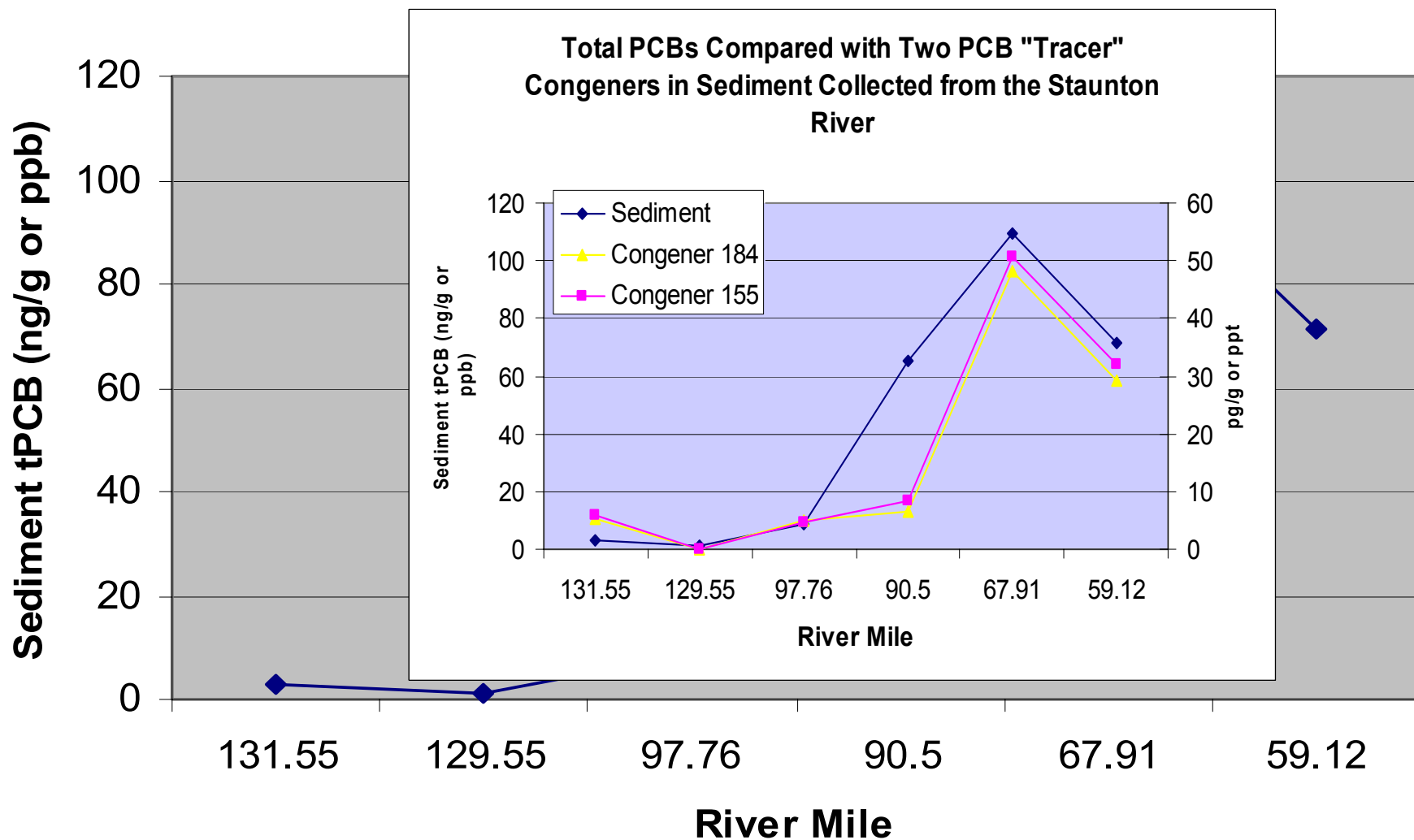
Total PCB in the Roanoke (Staunton) River During Low and High Flow Conditions (Grab Samples)



Staunton River (Effluent) PCB Results

Facility	Sample Date	Total PCB (pg/L) *Blank adj	Comments
Burlington Hurt (DEQ)	January-06	60,372	Plant Fully Operational
Burlington Hurt (DEQ)	August-07	7,222	Plant Closed - Early August Sample
Burlington Hurt (DEQ)	August-07	2,141	Plant Closed - Late August Sample
Burlington Hurt (Facil)	August-07	6,888	Plant Closed
Altavista STP	August-07	9,998	
Dan River, Inc	January-06	504	Questionable Sample- volume (Plant is closed)
Clover Power Station (001)	August-07	190	
(009)	August-07	31	

Total PCBs in Sediment Collected from the Staunton River



Sources of PCBs Considered in the TMDL Development

- Point Sources (selected based on DEQ's Pt Source Monitoring Guidance)
 - Major/Minor Municipal and Industrial facilities
 - Industrial Stormwater/General Permits
 - MS4
- Contaminated Sites
- Tributaries
- Non-Regulated Stormwater
- Atmospheric deposition
- Sediment

Water Quality Criterion vs. Site Specific Endpoint

VA Criteria

**Consumption
Advisories
Fish Tissue
(ppb)**

50

**Water Quality
Criterion**

Total PCBs (ppb)

(Awaiting final approval from EPA)

0.00064

—WQC represents concentration in water column where accumulation of PCBs in fish should be at a level protective of fish tissue for consumption (humans)

PCB Exposure Pathways to Fish

- Intake through gills from water column
 - Basis of existing WQC (1980 EPA guidelines)
- Ingestion of prey
 - Biomagnification
- Ingestion of contaminated sediment
 - Indirect uptake from foraging
- Exposure through skin from contaminated sediment (e.g. catfish)

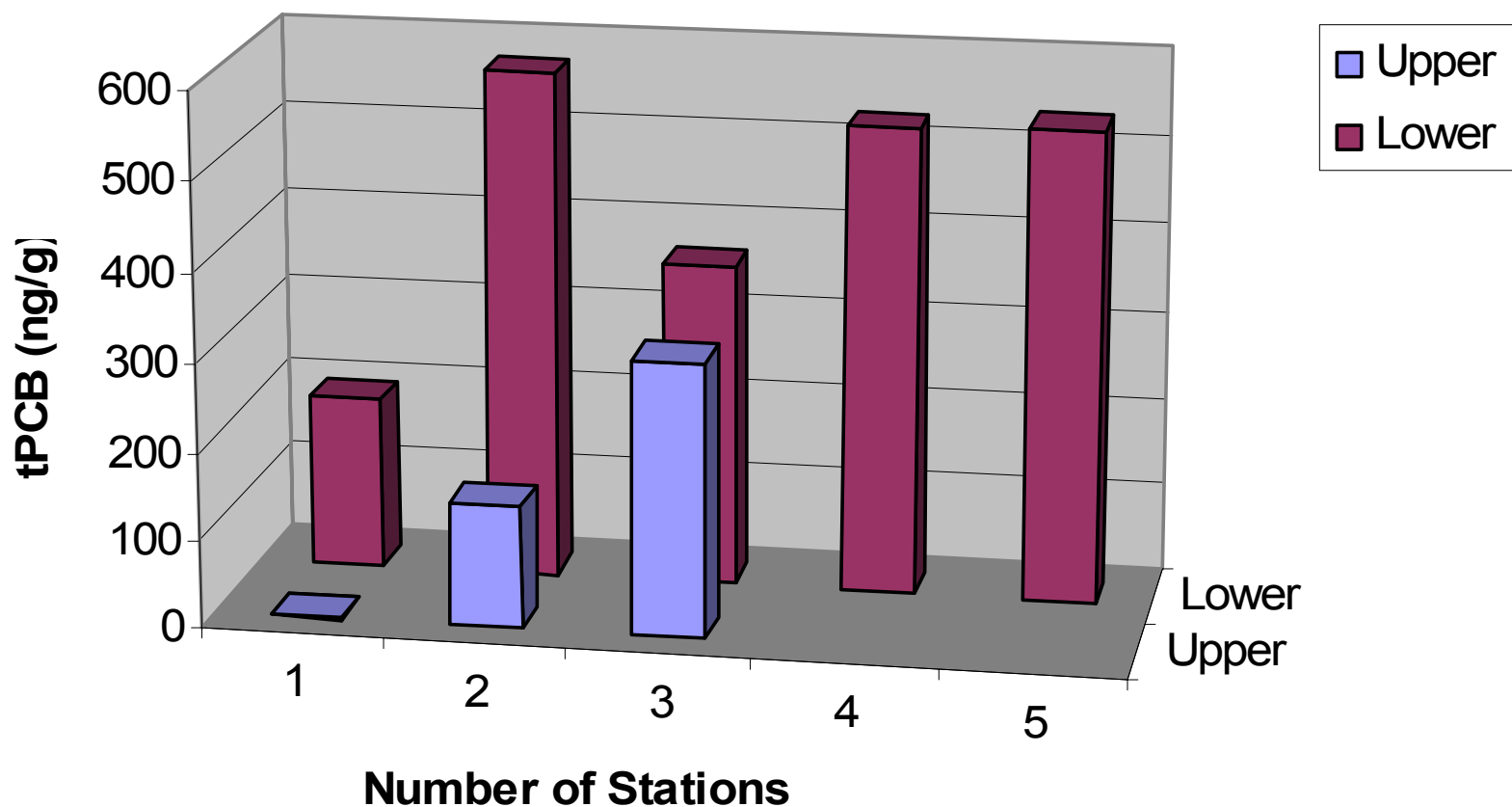
Site Specific PCB Endpoint

- TMDL Studies have shown criterion met instream but fish remain contaminated
- Supports development of a Site Specific Endpoint (BAF approach; 2000 EPA guidelines)
 - Accounts for localized conditions that affect bioaccumulation
 - Utilizes site specific water and fish data
 - Accounts for trophic transfer
 - Example: Potomac R. water endpoint (64 pg/L)
- Applies to TMDL development

Site Specific Endpoints

- Upper Roanoke River
 - Based on Carp (species included on VDH fish consumption advisory list)
 - Sample size adequate (n = 20)
 - Target water concentration = **360 pg/L**
- Lower Roanoke River
 - Based on Striped Bass (species included on VDH fish consumption advisory list)
 - Sample size more than adequate (n = 62)
 - Target water concentration = **150 pg/L**

Average tPCB Fish Tissue Concentrations in the Upper and Lower Roanoke River (2006)



Justification for Two PCB Endpoints

